

Name: _____ Phone: _____

Address: _____ City: _____ St: _____ Zip: _____

E-mail : _____

Stevens County Conservation District

Tree Sales

Please complete, make a copy for yourself and return form to SCCD at:
232 Williams Lake Rd, Colville WA 99114 or SCCD@stevenscountywa.gov
(509) 684-7579

2022 Tree Order List	Number of Trees			Per	Order	Total
Species	5	10	25	100	1000	
Blue Elderberry, 1.0. 12”+	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			
Choke Cherry, 12”+	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			
Golden Current, 12”+	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			
Ponderosa Pine, 6’-12”	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00	\$75.00	NA	
Ponderosa Pine Plug	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00	\$60.00	\$550.00	
Serviceberry, 12”+	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			
Silver Buffaloberry, 12”+	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			
Vine Maple, 12”+	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			
Western Larch Plug	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00	\$60.00	\$550.00	
Western Larch, P-1, 12”+	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00	\$85.00	\$ 750.00	
Western White Pine, P-1, 6”-12”	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			Sold Out
Western White Pine. P-1, 3”-6”	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			
Woods Rose, 12”+	\$ 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 50.00			
Tree Protectors- Minimum of 10 per order	\$1.00 each					
Full payment (Cash or Check) is required at time of pick up. Large quantities (100+ trees) and special orders may be available. Call us for more information. Orders filled on a <u>first-come, first-serve basis</u> !				Sub-Total		
				7.6%		
				Total		

PICK UP DATES:

Friday, April 1, 2022, 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM

Saturday, April 2, 2022, 9:00 AM to 12:00 PM

PICK UP LOCATION:

SCCD Office (Stevens Co. Ag. Service Center)

232 Williams Lake Rd, Colville WA 99114

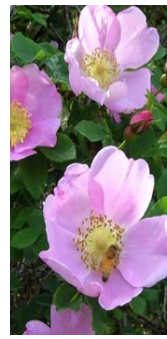


For planting information,
please contact SCCD or
consult a professional forester.



Vine Maple, (*Acer circinatum*)

It grows as a large shrub or small deciduous tree. It tends to grow long and rangy when in the shade, and more upright and com-pact in the sun. It can grow from 10 to 30 feet high with an equally variable spread. Delicate deciduous shrub or small tree, well-suited in the shadow of larger trees. Reddish color to new spring foliage. Interesting winter effect from branching patterns. Colorful fall foliage.



Woods Rose is found primarily east of the Cascade Mountains at low to mid-elevations. Growth Habit. It is a deciduous shrub that grows 6' to 8' tall, with a similar spread. Fragrant flowers that consists of 5 petals and an attractive pink color. The plant reproduces by seed, sprouting from the root crown, and by producing root suckers to form dense thickets.



Choke Cherry (*Prunus virginiana*)

is usually found in thickets along roadsides, in ravines, or along the edge of woodlands. Its fruit is somewhat sour and somewhat bitter, and commonly used for jellies, jams, wine and syrup. Choke cherry has adapted statewide and to a wide range of soils, but grows best on deep, moist soils. It is very drought tolerant .**Not especially deer-resistant.**



Western White Pine (*Pinus monticola*) can reach over 200' high and the trunk can grow up to 6' in diameter. Mature trees typically have long straight trunks with minimal tapering and a narrow crown. They are adapted to grow throughout the region at varying elevations. It tolerates a wide range of precipitation and temperature regimes. It is best suited to sites that are well drained with good exposure.



Serviceberry (*Amelanchier alnifolia*) grows as a small deciduous tree or upright shrub. It grows typically from 6' to 15' tall and tolerates soils that range from moist to dry and coarse to fine. It grows on sites that vary from full sun to shade, on terrain from level to steep. Easily grown, Serviceberries' very favorite soil is a rich loamy mix, but they will grow in just about any kind of soil as long as good drainage is provided. **Moderately deer-resistant.**



Blue Elderberry (*Sambucus caerulea*) is a large deciduous shrub that can grow to about 15' -30' with a spread of up to 20'. White flowers yield to bluish-black clusters of berries. They can be found growing in a wide range of sites that range from wet to dry and sunny to shady. It grows best with ample sun. **Deer-Resistant**



Silver Buffaloberry (*Shepherdia argentea*) has long been used as a restoration species. Its matting root system makes it useful in stream-side stabilization. It provides forage and habitat for many species of birds and animals. The leaves are browsed upon by large animals, porcupines, and beavers. The dried fruits are an important food source for many birds and mammals in winter.



Ponderosa Pine (*Pinus ponderosa*) is an evergreen tree also commonly known as bull pine, blackjack pine, yellow pine or western pine. It can grow to incredible heights of over 200'. Ponderosa pines are hardy in cold, dry climates and are an important source of timber. They are easily recognized by their tall, straight, thick trunks, clad in scaled rusty-orange bark that is split into big plates. **Young trees may be browsed by deer.**



Golden Currant (*Ribes aureum*) grows as a deciduous, multi-stemmed shrub reaching up to 6' tall and spreading 4'to 6' wide. Its lobed light green leaves turn a lovely red in the fall. In the spring, fragrant yellow blossoms are followed by edible, tart berries. This drought tolerant species is a great choice for both upland sites and also tolerates damp bottom areas. **Deer-resistant.**



Western Larch (*Larix occidentalis*) is also known as Tamarack. It is one of the world's largest larches, typically growing 100' to 180' tall, and has needles that turn a brilliant yellow in the autumn before falling. It is hardy in the cold, and prefers higher elevations. It is considered a dense wood. In the Pacific Northwest it is prized for firewood and used in landscaping. **Young trees may be browsed by deer.**



Tree Protectors are rigid mesh cylinders that are placed around a tree seedling to protect it from wildlife browsing. Protectors need to be removed when the tree outgrows them. SCCD includes two bamboo stakes per protector for anchoring. Useful for species that attract deer.